HOMESEEKERS' RATES

EXCURSION TICKETS TO BE SOLD BY ALL WESTERN LINES.

Price Will Be One Fare, Plus \$2, for the Round Trip, and the Time Limit Twenty Days from Sale.

All of the Western roads will, on April 3, run home seekers' excursions from all soints in their territory east of the Misouri river to points in the West and Southwest. This action was taken because of the ome seekers' excursions recently anounced by the Texas lines and others in Southwest territory. The excursions will be run at one fare, plus \$2, for the round trip, and the return portion of the ticket will be good twenty days after the date of sale. After the lines had disposed of the excursion business at their meeting in Chicago, yesterday, the matter of reduced rates made by the Rock Island, the Bur-Ungton and the Union Pacific because of excursion to eastern Colorado points, run by the Atchison road, came up for informal discussion. The notice of reduced rates by the Rock Island, the Burlington and the Union Pacific were read and confirmed, but the Atchison stated that it was not disposed to take any action until it was assured of the relations of the Rock Island to the association agreement, as that line had given notice that it was determined to protect its interests if the association agreement was not sufficiently strong to protect its members. The Rock Island declared that it had no intention of withdrawing from the agreement, and never had such an intention. It has simply made an amitable declaration of its principles. No action was taken at the meeting, but it is probable that the whole thing will result in a revision of the agreement. As the matter stands at present the agreement depends on good faith only, and any line has the privilege of doing just as it chooses. Several of the roads are beginning to feel that the free-and-easy plan is not productive of the best results, and that an agreement with sharp lines should be formulated. This will probably be done within a short time. p for informal discussion. The notice

Big Four Sells Its Muncie Belt. A dispatch from Muncie last night says: To-day the Muncie Belt Railroad Company, represented by its officers, President F. C. Ball, of Ball Brothers' Glass Company; Vice President R. J. Beatty, of the Midland Steel Company, and Treasurer George O. Cromwell, of the Indiana Iron Company, purchased the Big Four belt road that ercircles the southeastern part of this city. The deal had been on for nearly a year. To-day a special train arrived from Indianapolis bringing several Big Four officials to Muncie. The train consisted of the special car of Vice President Murray and Assistant Manager Schaff. Besides these officials, General Superintendent Var Winkle, General Freight Agent Kuff, Treasurer Comstock and T. H. Noonan, general manager of the Central States Dispatch. They took breakfast here and went over the two and one-half miles of track before the transfer was made.

The new company will equip the track with switch engines and men to do the work and in a short time will reach the following South-side manufacturing concerns. Findlay rolling mill, Oliver glass works, Hemingway glass works, Eill Brothers' pot factory, Ball Brothers' glass works, Muncle iron and steel works, Common Sense engine works, Indiana works, Architectural iron works, works, Architectural iron works, Midland steel works, McVey corrugated iron works, Muncie pulp mill and others. All of the above-named concerns will have stock in the new company. As it is now it costs the manufacturers 3 per car to deliver their products to either of the railroads and Ball Brothers and the Irdiana Iron Company are chipping nearly two hundred cars per week, while the pulp works and others are doing nearly as much.

Limit of Economies About Reached. A railway official, in conversation, said: in fact, on most of the roads of the country the limit of economical working has been about reached. The Journal has of late several times alluded to the economies the Panhandle is introducing, such as the better lading of trains to the capacity of the locomotive, known as loading an engine on the tonnage rather than the number of cars basis. This is in the right direction, and the next move will be the removal of the steep grades. If the public could have access to the maps and profiles of most of our railroads they would be surprised to learn how many steep hills must be climbed by the engine with its train behind it. The company which has no grades exceeding thirty feet to the mile is a conspicuous exception to the common no grades exceeding thirty feet to the mile is a conspicuous exception to the common lot. The Lake Shore has perhaps done more than any other road in the Central States to reduce its grades, having in the last four years spent over \$2,000,000, largely in reducing the gradients of their line across northern Indiana, and the ordinary engine will haul from Buffalo to Chicago ten to fifteen more loaded cars than it could before the cutting down of the hills."

Unique Membership Certificate. has just adopted a new design of certificate of membership which is very unique and representing the fireman leaving home, and on board his train (the Empire State chosen); then the train is shown falling through a high bridge. Then the cemetery is pictured where the killed fireman reposes. Lastly is shown a picture of the widow receiving her death benefit. All this fillustrates the good the order does. There is a portrait at one top of Joshua Leach, who organized the first lodge of the order with seventy-one members at Port Jervis, N. Y., on Dec. 1, 1873. He is now living at Sedalia, Mo., in a home presented him by the brotherhood. The motto of the order, "Sobriety, Chariffy, Protection and Industry," are represented by appropriate pictures. The United States, Canada and Mexico, where the brotherhood exists, are represented by their coats of arms. The Grand Lodge shield and the tools used by the craft complete the illustrations. chosen); then the train is shown falling

C., H. & D. Restrained. In the Chancery Court, at Birmingham. Ala., yesterday, a temporary injunction was granted restraining Henry A. Taylor and associates, of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton road, who claim to be the legal directors of the Alabama Great Southern, from operating the road as such. The application was made by the Central Trust Com-pany as trustee for \$6,000,000 of Cincinnati extension bonds, the controlling interest in extension bonds, the controlling interest in the Alabama Great Southern, interest on which was defaulted. The case grows out of the controversy between the Southern rallway and the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton interests over the control of the Alabama Great Southern property. The injunction was sought by those friendly to the Southern Railway Company, in order to keep alive an injunction obtained by John Greenough and associates, which may be dissolved soon by the State Supreme Court.

At San Francisco yesterday United States Marshal Baldwin made returns in the District Court on the beach warrant issued for the arrest of C. P. Huntington on an indictment for a violation of the interstate traffic law. The marshal certified that Huntington could not be found within his jurisdiction in the Northern district of California. This will involve service of the warrant in New York State, or wherever the accused can be located. The federal officials excuse themselves for not having sent the warrant East, stating that they desired to avoid the expense, which would have been unnecessary had Huntington come West in the meantime.

Personal, Local and General Notes. R. B. F. Peirce, receiver of the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City, has gone to To-ledo for the week. The Wabash was the first in the field with its lake-and-rail tariff, it becoming

ffective yesterday. The Lake Erie & Western earned in the first week of April \$60,034.02, an increase over the corresponding week of 1894 of \$5,-006.12.

The Lake Shore is now rating the weight of its freight trains on the tonnage basis, the plan recently adopted by the Pan-

The Pedria & Pekin Union Railway Com-pany has under consideration the erecting of a system of block signals between Pe-oria and Pekin. George L. Bradbury, vice president and general manager of the Lake Eric & West-un, who went to Peoria on Tuesday to

attend a meeting of the executive commit-tee of the Peorla & Pekin Union Railroad Company, returned yesterday.

Edward C. Law, traveling passenger agent of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton lines, who was thought to be fatally ill, A special train on the Wabash road, Tuesday, carried the Sousa Band from La-fayette to Wabash, sixty-seven miles, in seventy minutes.

The Pennsylvania Voluntary Relief Department will pay to the mother of brakeman O'Connor, who was killed on Tuesday at Arcadia, \$1,000. H. C. Parker, traffic manager of the Lake Erie & Western, returned last evening from West Baden Springs, where he had been stopping a few days.

The Findlay, Fort Wayne & Western on Monday received from the Pittsburg loco-motive works the first of four engines the works are building for that road. A citizens' committee of Terre Haute is taking steps to secure the headquarters of the Order of Telegraphers at that city. W. Mansfield, superintendent of the Indianapolis & Vincennes, and his subordi-nate officials are spending three days on the road inspecting track, bridges and sta-

The Vandalia, on May 1, will put on a new train to run on the Michigan division between Logansport and St. Joseph, chiefly to accommodate the pleasure travel north-

Lewis Stinson, passenger conductor on the Evansville & Terre Haute, is in the city visiting his brother, who is fatally ill. Albert Stinson, the comedian, also is here on the same mission

John T. Duckey, who for some years was a train dispatcher on the Indianapolis & Vincennes, has accepted the position of pri-vate secretary to W. B. Leeds, president of the American Tin-plate Company. The superintendents of motive power and the master mechanics of the Pennsylvania lines east and west are in Altoona, Pa., attending a meeting called to discuss lo-

omotive and car repairing expenses. A special train, consisting of six cars, left this morning at 1 o'clock, over the Big Four, carrying the Lillian Russell troupe to Detroit, the Big Four turning the train over to the Wabash at North Manchester. An official of the Pennsylvania Company states that probably with the taking effect of the summer time table a sleeping car will be run between Indianapolis and New York on Train 20 and on the fast limited, No. 2.

Clifford S. Sims on Tuesday assumed the duties of engineer of maintenance of way of the Toledo division of the Penn-sylvania lines. For some years he has been assistant engineer on the Fort Wayne division.

The Evansville & Terre Haute earned in March \$86,589, against \$101,202 in March, 1894, and against \$107,145 in March, 1893. The Evansville & Indianapolis earned \$22,735, against \$27,850 in March, 1894, and against \$32,252 in March, 1893. Samuel Bellis, treasurer of the Railway Officials' and Employes' Association, is on the Pacific coast, combining pleasure with business. One of his objects in going was to attend the Yearly Meeting, the first time it has been held on the Pacific coast by the

It transpires that it was the Findlay, Fort Wayne & Western people who, under the name of the Lima Northern Railroad Company, have been trying to get hold of a long stretch of roadbed constructed by the Columbus, Lima & Milwaukee some years ago.

James Murray, whose death in England was recently announced, at the age of eighty-three, was at one time associated on the Eric with the late Ross Winans. Fifty years ago he was master mechanic on the Baltimore & Ohio, in charge of the

Chalmers Brown, president of the Rall-way Officials' and Employes' Association, says the improvement in business with the the situation with the railroads is improv-ing, and that the officials and employes are ing better financially.

Six months ago L. L. Clizbe, cashier of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago at Fort Wayne, obtained six months' leave of absence to make a business venture The venture did not result as expected and he has returned and resumed his du-ties as cashier of the company.

The following passenger men are in the city: Judge Bacon and H. P. Mantz, of the Chicago & Rock Island; C. Clifford, of the Canadian Pacific; E. L. Frary, of the Lake Michigan & Lake Superior Transportation company, and Col. William Shaw, of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy. The Atchison railroad directors met yes-

terday and approved the plan of reorganiza-tion made by the joint reorganization com-mittee. The board recommends that the stock of the company be deposited under the plan, that the assessment be paid and that the reorganization be facilitated in every

The remains of Michael O'Connor, the freight brakeman killed on the Panhandle at Arcadia, were yesterday brought here for burial. The deceased was an industrious and well-thought-of young man, and was a relative of Thomas Courtney, a well-known Panhandle passenger conwell-known Panhandle passenger con-

Next Monday evening the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen will hold a meeting at Fort Wayne, at which Grand Chief Sargent will be present and also Vice Grand Master Hanrahan. Representatives of the Elkhart, Garrett, Huntington, Anderson, Van Wert and Lima lodges will be present

e present. The New York Central lines earned in March \$3,718,420, an increase over March, 1894, of \$70,653. For the quarter ending March 21 the lines earned \$9,835,818, an increase this year of \$102,964. Since July 1, the beginning of the company's fiscal year, it has earned \$31,994,867, a decrease, as com-

George Bender, superintendent of the Chicago division of the Big Four, is proud of the record of March. During the month the train crews made less than one hour overtime and the wrecking crew was not called out once, something which has not occurred in any month since the consolidation. Considering the severe weather in early March, Mr. Bender thinks this a re-

A belief prevails that there is something in the rumor that the Vanderbilts are in a fair way to secure control of the Erie road. If the Erie should be absorbed, as proposed, competition would practically be narrowed down to the Vanderbilt, the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore & Ohio, hese being the only really through lines. ould easily dictate and enforce the main-

The passenger lines of the Central Traf-fic Association, which have been in ses-sion at Chicago, adjourned vesterday after disposing of a mass of routine stuff, such as granting special rates to a number of meet'ngs and fixing unimportant associa-tion rules. The question of an inter-changeable mileage ticket was not taken no at all, but went over until the next meeting. A meeting of the Ohio River ines will be held to-day.

Officials of the Toledo, Peoria & West-ern and the Vandalia lines, both of which are under control of the Pennsylvania Company, are considering the question of improving the terminals of the two lines at Peoria. The Peoria Transcript says:
"There has been a disposition for some time to break with the Peoria & Pekin Union, and it was this fact which first led the Peoria & Pekin Union to consider the operation of reorganization. mestion of reorganization. The T., P. & W. owns a piece of track from their bridge W. owns a piece of track from their bridge to the shops, together with four spur tracks at the shops. This track has been leased to the Peoria & Pekin Union for a period of fifty years, but the T., P. & W. now claims that the provisions of the lease have been violated and that they are at liberty to break the terms of contract whenever they see fit. Should they seek new terminals they would be compelled to build from their shops to Hollis, or from connection with the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy. These are matters they are now figuring on, but it will probably be months before anything definite is announced."

On the 10th of each month the paymasters on the Pennsylvania system have their pay rolls made out and are prepared to start over the divisions they pay on, it requiring ten days to get over the lines each paymaster covers. Each month they reach paymaster covers. each paymaster covers. Each month they reach given points on the same day and for twenty-eight years the employes on the Panhandle at Indianapolis have received their pay on the 12th of each morth, never later than the 13th, which would be occasioned by the 12th coming on Sunday. The pay caps usually start out of Pittsburg with a large sum of money on board, sometimes running as high as \$75,000, and reimbursements are received at different towns along the line where the company keeps a bank account. The employes of the bank are notified of how much money is wanted and when it is to be delivered, and a clerk, accompanied by a detective, takes the cash to the car, where the paymaster receipts for it. In this manner the necessity of starting with an enormous sum of money is obviated, and the experienced paymaster manages to be the paymaster of the paymaster manages to be seen this eccentric in such share the secondary in the same the same the secondary in the same the secondary in the same than the sa enormous sum of money is obviated, and the experienced paymaster manages to keep his accounts in such shape that he can always have the required amount of money on hand. Armed guards now accompany the paymaster and the crew in charge of the train is made up of men who stand high in the estimation of the officials, so that it is considered somewhat of an honor to be selected to take charge of the pay car.

In 1850 "Brown's Bronchial Troches" Were introduced, and their success as a cure for colds, coughs, 2sthma and bron-phitis has been unparalleled.

ANOTHER COURT SCENE

THE PATTON-SPADES CASE CONTIN-UES TO FURNISH INCIDENTS.

Plaintiff Refers to Attorney Rooker' Veracity-An Incident in that Gentleman's Life.

Ex-Judge Cox, attorney for Grace Frances Patton, began the opening argument in the Spades damage suit at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The plaintiff has discarded her sember garb of deep black and came into court yesterday attired in a neat-fitting tailor-made suit of blue. She wore a jaunty collar and four-in-hand tie, caught with a scarf pin of gay design. The morning was taken up by both sides with evidence in rebuttal. Attorney Spaan for the defendant put attorney Rooker on the stand to explain his connection with the case. Rooker claims to have been the attorney for the Patton girl when judgment was taken against M. H. Spades in Lawrence township. Since then he has veered around and is now one of Spades' attorneys. In giving her testimony on direct examination Rocker's former client dramatically referred to him as the only man she had seen improperly while sojourning at the resort of Clara Morris. In his testimony yesterday attorney Rooker branded this charge as false. He saw the girl, he said, at the house of Clara Morris, but it was in the afternoon and this woman was present during the whole of his interview. On that occasion the plaintiff wanted to compromise with Spades and declared that she only wanted twenty-five dollars. Clara Morris objected to such a settlement, as the

amount was too small. Attorney Rooker testified that the plaintiff came to his office to talk with him about the wrong Spades had done her. She said that the latter and another man whom she did not know took her and another girl out to the State fair grounds in October, 1893, and while they were intoxicated, wronged them. This statement was made by the witness in reply to the question of attorney Spaan. The plaintiff grew very indignant as he proceeded and at last sprang

up with the angry exclamation: "That's not true." Then the girl broke into a violent lit of weeping and was comforted by her mother. Attorney Rooker comforted by her mother. Attorney Rooker was subjected to a critical cross-examination by attorney Cox. The records of 1893 were brought over from Justice Johnson's court and introduced. The record showed that in November, 1893, William V. Rooker had been the derendant in a paternity suit brought by Ida B. Fegner and that judgment had been taken against him. The witness was asked if the record was correct, but attorney Spaan Interposed an objection to the introduction of such evidence. A spirited argument followed, at the conclusion of which Judge Harvey said that he would admit the evidence temporarily. The witness then admitted the truth of the record. Afterward Judge Harvey ruled out that part of the evidence which related to the judgment taken against the witness in the judgment taken against the witness in the justice court.

Ex-Judge Cox, in opening his argument at o'clock, went over the complaint of the n detail. He declared that his client at the time had no knowledge that a judgment had been taken in the Lawrence town-ship court. She had received \$100, but did not understand that it was a settlement in full. The attorney charged that the proceedings were taken at the instance of M. H. Spades for the purpose of defrauding the girl; that it was concealed from the justice of the peace that the plaintiff was an infant. He quoted the law on the question of seduction. He held that a woman at one time immoral could reform and then be subjected to a wrong. In that case the crime of seduction would be as grave as if she had never fallen. The attorney contended that the money paid his client by the defendant could not be a bar to this suit as contended by counsel, unless it could be shown that the amount received by her was sufficient compensation for the betrayal. During his argument the nderstand that it was a settlement in for the betrayal. During his argument the attorney referred to the family of the plaintiff, the care-burdened mother and the little crippled sister. At one point in his narrative of the woes of the Patton family, the plaintiff broke down and wep bitterly. The argument of ex-Judge Cox will be resumed this morning. He will be followed by attorney Henry Spaan, Charles Cox, for the plaintiff, will have the losing speech Friday morning.

DIVIDING THE DIVORCES. No Superior Court Judge Wants the

Bulk of Them. The three Superior Court judges, sitting in general term yesterday morning, made the

"Complaints for divorce hereafter filed shall be by the clerk equally and in rota-tion distributed so that no more of such complaints shall be filed in one of the rooms of this court than in each of the other rooms. Such complaints shall be held by the clerk if necessary for the cempliarce of this order."

Complains Against His Partner. Henry Kirkhoff yesterday brought suit against William C. Hahne for an accounting and dissolution of partnership. He alleges that in April, 1894, he formed a partnership with the defendant to manufacture drain tile. The expense of the work was to be borne equally by the members of the firm, and each were to share alike in the profits of the business. The plaintiff says that in 1894 four kilns of tile were burned, but the defendant refused to bear his share of the expense. He also says his partner has collected money in excess of his share and threatens to remove the product of last season's work from the yard. The court is season's work from the yard. The court is asked to dissolve the partnership, order an accounting and restrain the defendant from interfering with the business of the estab-lishment until a settlement is made.

Fifty Dollars for a Dog Bite. Minnie Heire, of 329 South Pennsylvania street, for some time has been keeping a dog of which there have been a number of complaints made, as the animal was said to be vicious. A short time ago Eddie, the ten-year-old son of Daniel Lyhine, was passing the house when the dog ran out and bit the child, inflicting serious injuries, Mr. Lyhine brought suit against the woman for \$200 damages in Justice of the Peace Lockman's court. The case was tried yesterday by a jury, and a verdict was re-turned in favor of the plaintiff, giving judgment for \$50.

Claims His Cattle Were Stolen. Oliver Wells, a Hendricks county farmer, s the plaintiff in a suit for damages against Fort. Johnson & Co., commission merchants at the stock yards. The suit is being tried by a jury in Room 1. Superior Court. Wells alleges that he had fourteen head of cattle stolen a year ago, and says they were driven to the Union stock yards and sold to Fort, Johnson & Co. He seeks to recover \$1,000, which he alleges was the cash value of the cattle. The claim is protested on the grounds that the plaintiff is unable to identify his stock.

Two Unhappy Couples. William Garrison wants a divorce from Georgiana Garrison, on the grounds of cruel treatment. He says he no longer enjoys the respect of his wife, and charges that she is in the habit of attending the theater and going to parties and balls without his consent and with gentlemen acquaintances as escorts. Rosa Church, in a suit for divorce filed yesterday, shows that her husband was recently convicted of burglary in the Criminal Court and south of the convicted of burglary in the Criminal Court and south and sweetmeats, is an Italian invention. It was cradled in the sweet south, and is the offspring of beautiful gardens, and flourishing cities and towns, clustering with grapes and peaches. Careme (one of the most famous chefs that ever lived) used to say that the dessert had been elevated to a science, with a view to retain girls young women the Criminal Court and sent to the peni-tentiary. She seeks freedom from a distasteful union.

Conflict of Two Courts. Judge Stubbs and Justice Johnson were contending for the right to try a case yesterday morning. In the Police Court a warrant had been sworn out for Thomas Ford on a charge of assaulting Charles Norwood, an employe of the Indianapolis Gas Company, and Norwood had appeared in the meantime in Justice Johnson's court and pleaded guilty to the charge. After considering the matter a while Judge Stubbs concluded to allow the other court to try the case.

Prosecuting Witness Arrested. In the McDonald assault and battery case, which came up in Police Court yesterday,

Worthington with a stone, was continued by Judge Stubbs, Mrs. Worthington's in-juries preventing her appearance in court. Harry Brown and Henry Draper, charged with burglary, were sent to the grand jury.

Against Culbertson's Estate. The United States Savings Bank, of Cadiz, O., has brought suit against the estate of the late W. S. Culbertson, of New Albany, for \$2,200 on note assigned to him by a bank in Kansas in which the plaintiff was a stockholder. He falled to file the claim against the estate before it was settled and, therefore, has to sue. The case is in the United States Court.

The Marion Postoffice Robbery. John McGinley, who was detected in the act of robbing the postoffice at Marion, was yesterday brought here and lodged in jail to await the action of the federal grand jury. He was unable to give \$200 bail. His preliminary hearing was before Commissioner Alva Taylor, of Wabash.

Threw Trash Into the Street. Sergeant Corrigan arrested Albert Morton yesterday for depositing trash on the streets. Morton owns a barber shop on Massachusetts avenue, and is said to have been throwing his waste water and other refuse into the streets, much to the annoyance of his neighbors.

THE COURT RECORD.

16806. Durbin vs. Redman, Floyd C. C. Reversed, Hackney, J.—"Heirs" are not "devisees," but are those who take by right of blood and under the law, and not by will.
1721. Anderson vs. Anderson. Ripley C.
C. Affirmed. Jordan, J.—Unless the privilege is granted by the court a bill of exceptions cannot be filed after the close of
the term. 17161. Siberry vs. State of Indiana. Wells C. C. Appellant's petition for rehearing.

Appellate Court.

1456. Roberts vs. Trammel. Huntington C. C. Reversed. Ross, C. J.—1. There can be no estoppel in pais where everything is equally known to both parties, or where the party sought to be estopped was ignorant of the facts out of which his rights sprung, or where the party seeking to con-clude him was not influenced by the acts or admissions set up. 2. In order to constitute an estoppel in pais there must be: (a) A representation or a concealment of material facts; (b) the representations must have been made with full knowledge of the facts; been made with full knowledge of the facts; (c) the party to whom the representation were made or from whom material facts were withheld must have been ignorant of the truth of the matter; (d) the party making the representations or withholding the facts must have done so with the intention that the other party should act otherwise than he would did he know the truth; (e) the other party must have been induced thereby to act. 3. There can be no estoppel where there is no frand. 4. Where a party is ignorant of his rights, and is free from actual fraud or culpable negligence, silence will not estop him, although he may have knowledge of what another is about to do.

1508. Board of Commissioners vs. Nichols. Lawrence C. C. Affirmed. Lotz, J.—l. The Board of Commissioners, in hearing a claim presented against the county, acts in the capacity of an auditing committee, and its acts are merely ministerial and not judicial.

2. A person free from contributory negli-2. A person free from contributory negli gence may recover from the county for damages sustained by falling through a de-

fective culvert.

1023. Island Coal Company vs. Risher.

Sullivan C. C. Affirmed. Reinhard, J.-I.

When an employe is directed to leave his
usual work and assist in another line of
work in an entirely separate place he has work in an entirely separate place he has the right to assume that such place is in a safe condition. 2. An employe is not charged with the knowledge of the dangerous charto work. 3. When the master is negligent the is responsible, although the negligence of a fellow-servant may have concurred in bringing the injury upon the plaintiff. 4. Exclamations and expressions of present pain and suffering from the injury com-plained of may be introduced in evidence. 1467. Woods vs. Dalrymple. Henry C. C. Appellee's petition for rehearing. Superior Court.

Room 1-John L. McMaster, Judge. Oliver Wells vs. Fort, Johnston & Co. Room 3-Pliny W. Bartholomew, Judge. Hayden T. Watson vs. The Indiana Veneer Company; damages. Court instructs jury to find for defendant.

Circuit Court. Edgar A. Brown, Judge. Jacob Kahn vs. William M. St. Clair; appeal from justice of the peace court. On rial by jury. New Suits Filed.

Rosa B. Church vs. Harry L. Church; suit or divorce. Superior Court, Room 3. William Garrison vs. Georgana Garrison suit for divorce. Superior Cout, Room 1.

Mary J. Bronson vs. Fred A. Bronson;
suit for divorce. Superior Court, Room 2.
Henry Kirkhoff vs. William C. Hahne;
suit for an accounting. Superior Court.
Room 2.

Americalia McCamiban vs. The Amenealie McGarrihan vs. Thomas Mc-Garrihan; suit on judgment. Superior Court,

ATTENDANCE IS GROWING. Larger Crowds at the Food Exposi-

tion-Mrs. Craig's Lectures.

The interest in the pure food exposition at Tomlinson Hall seems to increase as the time of its existence grows shorter. Yesterday afternoon the crowd was large, but last night the number in attendance was far beyond that of any preceding afternoon or night. The people appear to be rather late in recognizing the value of such an exhibition, but now that they have found out the real nature of the affair, they are embracing the opportunity to visit it while it lasts. The crowd was good natured and the shoving and pushing was not resented by any one. Around the booths where the more valuable samples of the various food stuffs were given away, there was always a large crowd, and everybody who left the hall was loaded with boxes, paper buckets, bottles, jars and the numerous pamphlets relating the superior qualities of the bundles in their arms. But everything was not carried away in the arms. The most of the samples were intended to be eaten on the spot, and it was no uncommon sight to see a fastidiously dressed man pushing through the crowd with a ham sandwich tightly clutched in one hand, or a daintly attired woman, munching on a hot wienerwurst stuck on the end of a tooth pick. The orchestra furnished music the entire evening and many persons retired to the gallery after they had viewed the displays, and from there enjoyed the music while they watched the crowd below.

Miss Craig's cooking lecture in the afternoon on the subject of "Desserts" attracted the large audience which the excellence of the lecture deserved. The lecture room on the rear of the stage was more than filled and a number of the late comers were compelled to stand. As usual, Miss Craig demonstrated her lecture by preparing some of the dainties which she told how to make. Among other things were the most delicious ice creams, with the various fruit flavors Chantilly pudding, wine jelly and whipped cream, apricot short cake and foamy sauce, coffee and chocolate. All of these dainties were served to the ladies in attendance. In her lecture Miss Craig said: "The dessert, if by that word be under stood the agreeable mingling together o cakes, fruits and sweetmeats, is an Italian with a view to retain girls, young worgen and children at table in friendly family converse. In each way it deliciously prolongs the repast. A dessert should, above all things, be simple; considered as a third or fourth course it is often a dangerous considered as a convergence of the fruitful cause of many superfluity, and the fruitful cause of many an indigestion. There are many who eat of it simply for the agreeable and sparkof it simply for the agreeable and sparkling conversation.

"Though the dessert was originally invented in Italy, yet the usage was early
transplanted into France, and we read
where Louis XV's gardener boasts of having given strawberries to his royal master
at the end of March, green peas in April
and figs in June. It was in 1694 that preserved pineapple was first served as dessert
in Paris. 'Although the fruit of the pine
be fibrous,' says Father Dutertre, 'it melts
into water in the mouth, and is so well
flavored that you find the taste of the
peach, of the apple, of the quince and of
the muscatel blended together.' Lovers of
the pine cut it in slices or shred it with a

Christian Hamerick, the man who was said to have been assaulted by McDonald, failed to put in an appearance and he was ordered placed under arrest for contempt of court. Patrolman Bolan found the man yesterday afternoon and placed him in the station house.

Earle Harris's Case Continued.

The case of Earle Harris, son of patrolman Harris, charged with assaulting Mrs.

DIPER HEIDSIECK PLUG TOBACCO



Consumers of chewing tobacco who are willing to pay a little more than the price charged for the ordinary trade tobaccos. will find this brand superior to all others BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

ices than we do, and we will continue rmit them to do so, as the tendency e ice is to reduce the temperature the stomach and stop digestion. Some date the use of ice to Alexander the Great, but certain it is he cooled his wine with ice, and the Romans were also acquainted with the luxury. The black coffee taken after dessert acts as an aid to digestion, as do also the nuts, taken in small quantities."

Miss Craig's lecture this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, will be on the subject of "Bread."

Governor Matthews was feeling ill yesterday afternoon and did not return to his office after dinner. The indisposition he thought was only temporary.

SANITARY SCIENCE. As Shown in S-n-n-n-d-o-or Skin

Soap.

S-A-N-A-D-O-R skin soap contains the latest and most perfect discovery in antiseptics. This antiseptic is nonpoisonous and possesses soothing and healing properties in a wonderful degree. It is combined with pure vegetable oils, the product being the absolutely pure medicinal and toilet soap known as S-A-N-A-D-O-R. This soap is of unsurpassed excellence for the complexion, hands, nursery, hair and scalp. Its antiseptic properties keep the skin tissues soft, pliable and in a healthy condition. It is always soothing and refreshing.

Price 25c per cake. Prepared by SANA-DOR MEDICAL CO., 10 and 12 Vandewater street, New York city. For sale by G. W. SLOAN & CO. and HENRY HUDER.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

A CERTAIN CURE FOR PILES

Safe and Effective in Every Form of This Common and Annoying Disease.

Many people suffer from piles, because after trying the many lotions, salves and ointments without relief or cure, have come to the conclusion that a surgical operation is the only thing left to try, and rather than submit to the shock and risk to life of an operation, prefer to suffer on. Fortunately this is no longer necessary, the Pyramid Pile Cure, a new preparation, cures every form of piles, without pain, inconvenience or detention from business.

It is in the form of suppositories, easily applied, absolutely free from Opium, Cocaine or any injurious substance whatever, and, no matter how severe the pain, gives instant relief, not by deadening the nerves of the parts but rather by its healing, soothing effect upon the congested sensi-

The Pyramid Pile Cure is the most effective, the safest and most extensively sold of any Pile Cure that has ever been placed before the public, and this reputation has been secured by reason of its extraordinary merit and the reasonable price at which it is sold, all druggists selling it at 50 cents and \$1 per package, and in many cases a single package has been sufficient.

A person takes serious chances in neglecting a simple case of piles, as the trouble soon becomes deep seated and chronic, and very frequently develops into fatal uncura-ble rectal diseases, like fistula and rectal ulcers. Any druggist will tell you the Pyramid is the safest, most satisfactory pile cure

The Pyramid Company, Albion, Mich., will send to any address a treatise on cause and cure of piles, also book of testimonials.

Day or Night. 125 North Delaware charge at all, and no extra charge for lady assistant.

MARTIN-James D., at family residence, 290 Prospect street, April 10, 1895, aged 42 years. Funeral Friday, April 12, at 2 p. m., from residence. Friends invited. and Mrs. William Edmunds, and wife of Dr. A. L. Jones, of Martinsville, Ind., Wednesday, April 19, at 7 a. m. Burlal

SOCIETY MEETINGS. MASONIC-Pentalpha Lodge, No. 564, F and A. Masons. Special meeting in Ma-sonic Temple this (Thursday) evening, at o'clock, for work in the second degree. Visitors always welcom WILLIAM H. SMYTHE, Secretary.

LOANS-Money on mortgages. SAYLES, 75 East Market street. FINANCIAL—Latge loans at 5 per cent. on business property. THOS. C. DAY & CO., 72 E. Market street. MONEY TO LOAN—We have plenty of 6 per cent money to loan on indiana farms. C. N. WILLIAMS & CO., Crawfordsville,

LOANS Sums of \$500 and over C. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 East Market MONEY TO LOAN-On farms at the lowest market rate; privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOMAS C. DAY & CO., 72 East Market

FINANCIAL-To loan. We have quite an amount of money which we are very desirous to loan. We will give you your own time and any reasonable terms. CHAS. W. GORSUCH, 15 Virginia avenue. LOANS—Six per cent, money on improved real estate in this city only. (No loans made outside.) Borrower has the privi-

street, Indianapolis.

lege of prepayment semi-annually. No delay. Reasonable fees, JOHN S. SPANN & CO., 88 East Market. FINANCIAL—Boice & Dark, investment bankers, 18½ North Meridian street. Loans on real estate in Marion county made promptly. Bonds and other securi-ties bought and sold. Those seeking in-vestments should consult us. Charges

FOR SALE. FOR SALE-Saloon, 110 South Illinois. FOR SALE-Fireproof safe; very cheap terms easy. Address SAFE, care Journal

FOR REAT. FOR RENT-Store room to be built and ready by Aug. 1, 28 by 159, Washington street, running to Virginia avenue, between new Arcade and Vance Block. Will give lease and build to suit parties. Call at 75% East Washington street. W. A. BRISTOR.

NOTICE-Howard's Steam Carpet Cleaning Works, corner St. Clair street and Canal. Two of the latest improved carpet-cleaning muchines now in operation. Tele-

"Robert Mantell"



AMERICA.

Handsome in appearance, first quality in filler, binder and wrapper-a superb smoke.

A great favorite among gentlemen wherever it has been introduced.

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BECAUSE IT'S THE BEST. PUREST & MOST ECONOMICAL THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.





"THIRST EXTINGUISHER"

It is not necessary to carry the war into Africa, nor to "introduce" the beers of INDIANAPOLIS BREWING COMPANY after this fashion. Those who have attended the Food Exhibit and seen the display of the products of this company, are delighted with the handsome showing made of "Budweiser," "Pilsener." "Topaz," "Tonica," "Tafel," etc. The best beer on earth is here represented. Remember: "Beer is liquid bread," often the best nourishment for mother



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LADIES' 28-inch SPECIAL, - \$50 Agents wanted for Indiana in unoccupied territory. Send for catalogue and prices.

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Natural-Gas Supplies, Cast Iron, Malleable Iron, Brass, Hydraulic and Amnionia Fittings, METRIC METAL CO.'s Meters for Natural and Artificial Gas. STEAM, GAS and WATER GOODS, Fitters' Tools, Packing, Belting and Steam Specialties. Plum's ers and Mill Supplies.

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